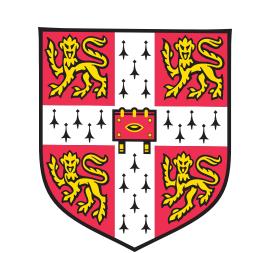
ICUnity: A software tool to harmonise medical databases



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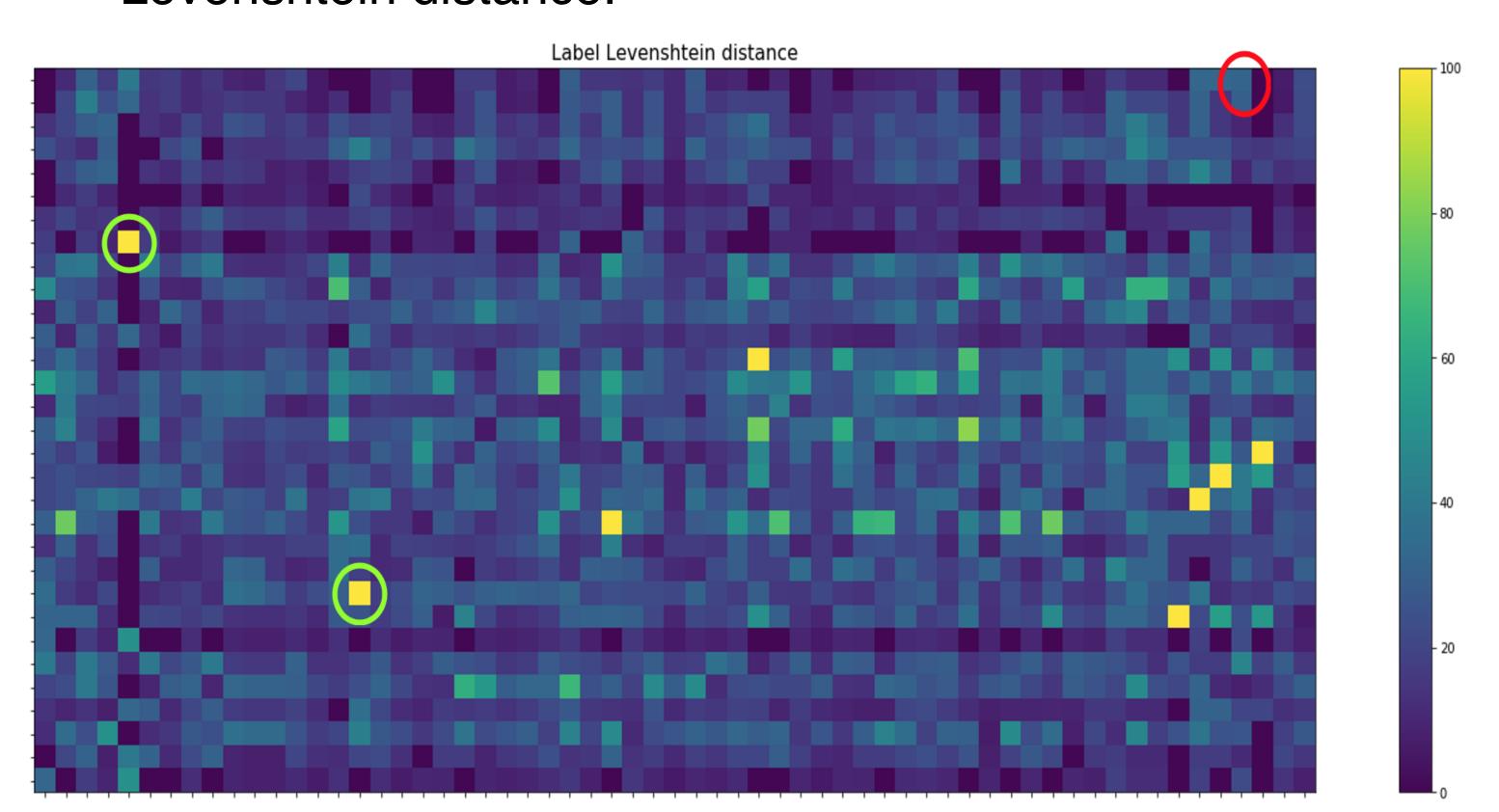
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Summary

- There are many challenges when working with Electronic Health Record data.
- Typically, we would like to test our machine learning models on more than one dataset.
- We have developed a tool to match databases based on both string similarity and data distribution. We focus on the MIMIC-III and AmsterdamUMCdb databases.

String Similarity

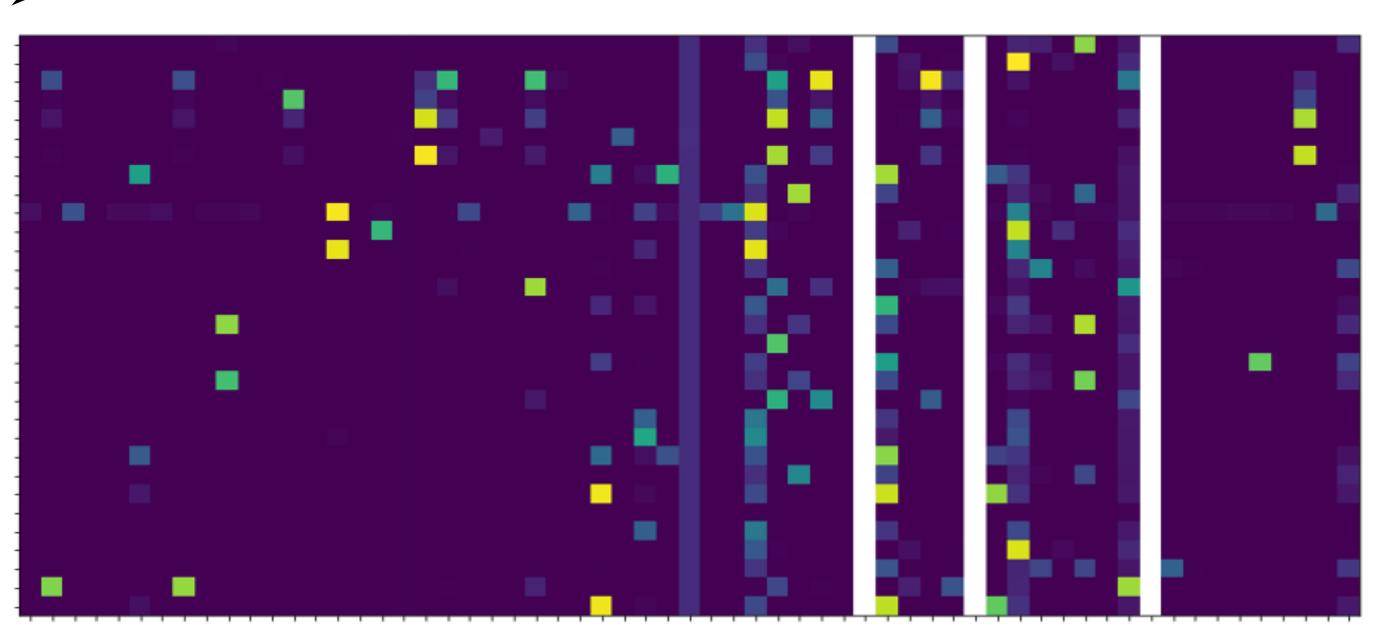
Variable strings in Dutch are translated into English and then compared to the MIMIC-III strings according to the Levenshtein distance.



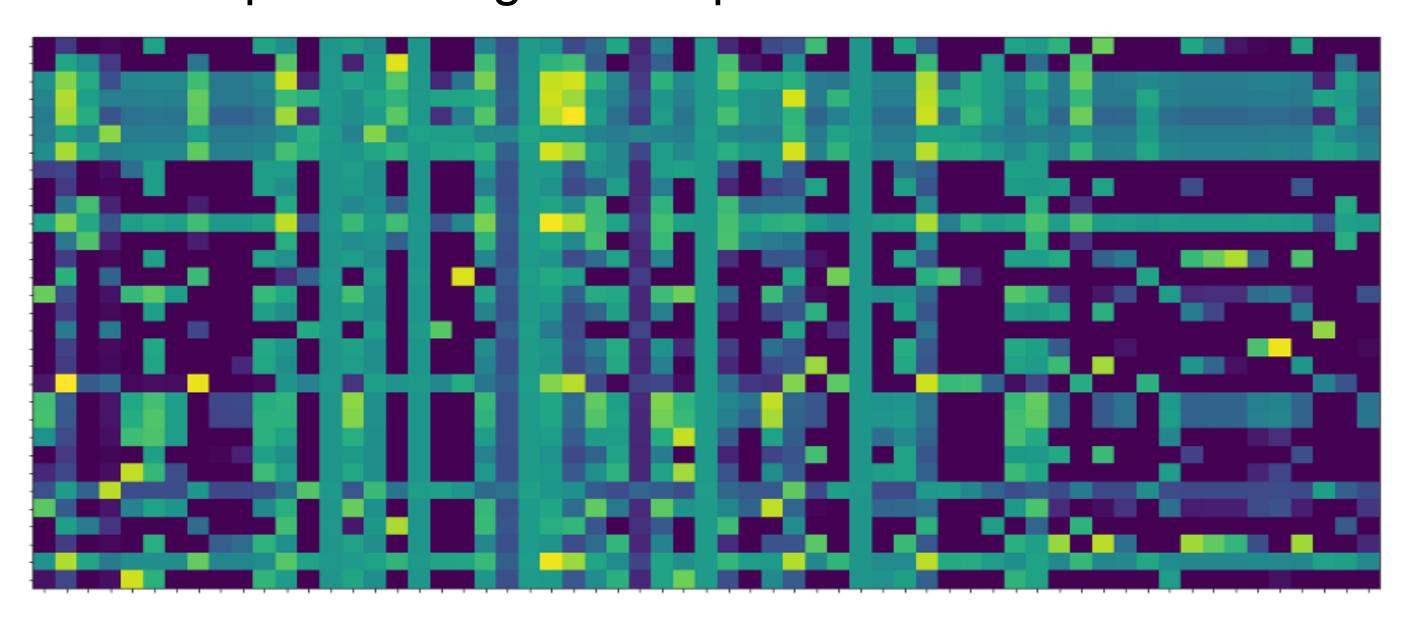
This works well for some variables e.g. "Glucose" & "Glucose" and "pH" & "PH" (green circles), but not for others e.g. "PT" and "prothrombin time" (red circle).

Data Distribution

- > We also matched based on data distributions.
- > t-tests:



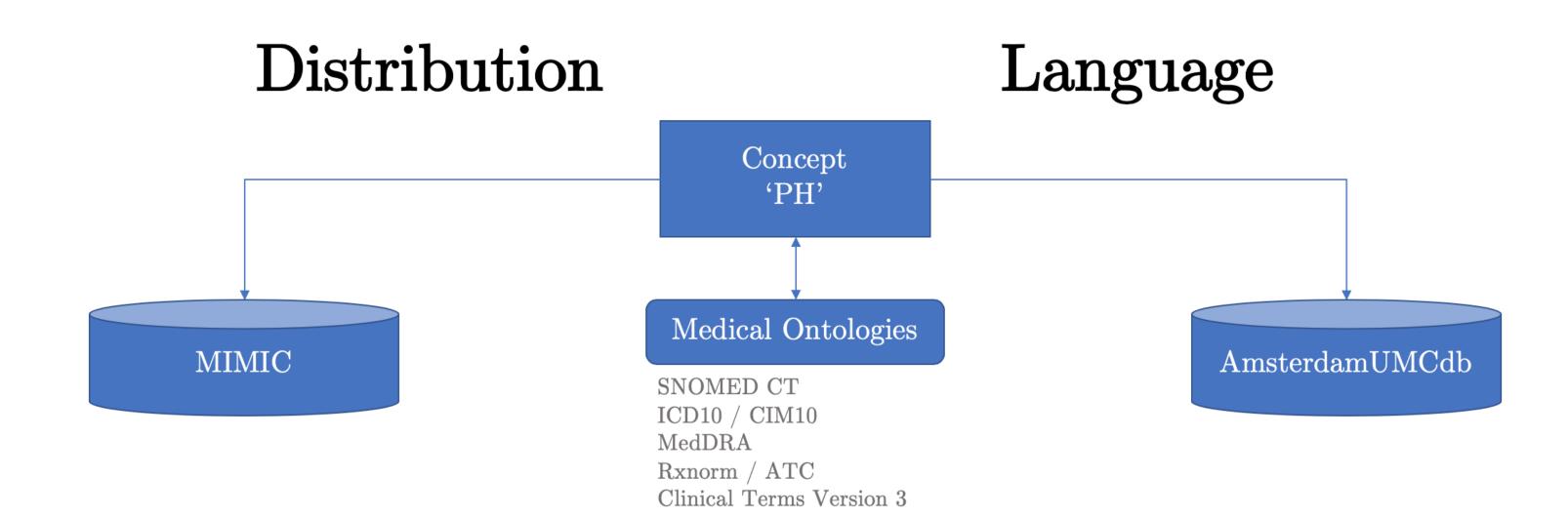
> Interquartile range overlap:



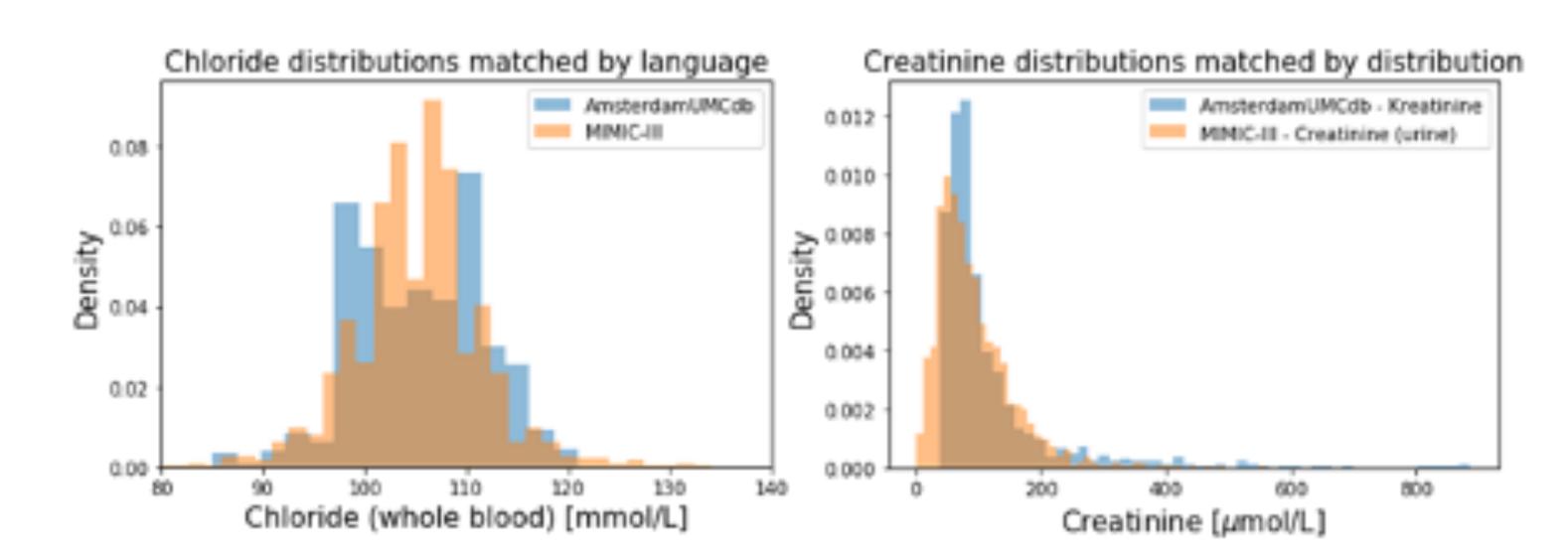
Specific challenges

Problems	Examples
Different formats	MIMIC, eICU, AmsterdamUMCdb
Multiple & different label IDs	"HR", "heartrate", "pulse"
Different languages	"Hartslag" vs. "heartrate"
Different units	"Mmol/l" vs. "g/l"
Different sources	Blood pressure: femoral, radial
Numeric vs. string	5 vs. ">2"
Granularity	"20-30y" vs. "20", "21"
Different distributions	Different populations

Data Harmonisation



Examples



Software Tool

> We have a basic validation tool for clinicians to confirm or deny the suggested matches.



Conclusion

- > We have started development on a tool to harmonise EHR databases.
- In future, we would like to incorporate more sophisticated matching e.g. using active learning to reduce mistakes.
- ➤ GitHub link: https://github.com/EmmaRocheteau/ICUnity.